Day 2: Thursday, 18 August 2005: Canada Lynx Reintroduction

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Rob Edward
Bonnie Kline

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Canada Lynx Reintroduction
Crested Butte

Discussion of state efforts to reintroduce the Canada Lynx and an overview of the state's role in species recovery and the ESA.

Panel:
- **Gary Skiba, Colorado Division of Wildlife**
  Gary Skiba, a native of western Pennsylvania, is a Conservation Biologist with the Colorado Division of Wildlife. In his capacity at CDOW, he is responsible for coordinating activities related to Preble’s meadow jumping mouse, wolves, small mammal surveys, Gunnison sage-grouse, and miscellaneous other species, as well as coordinating CDOW’s wolf management planning effort. Additionally, Gary updates CDOW’s threatened and endangered species list, and addresses other issues affecting multiple species. Prior to his current position, Gary has served in a variety of capacities with the Colorado Division of Wildlife, including Acting Leader of the Species Conservation Section, where he coordinated and planned all CDOW activities related to the management of threatened, endangered and special concern species, Acting Terrestrial Nongame Wildlife Manager, Wildlife Biologist, Habitat Biologist, and Wildlife Technician at the Wellington State Wildlife Area. Before joining Colorado Division of Wildlife, Gary held temporary positions with the U.S. Forest Service, and managed a private waterfowl and pheasant hunting area near Greeley, Colorado, where he killed weeds and farmed for wildlife. Gary holds a B.S. in Wildlife Management from the University of New Hampshire, and an M.S. in Wildlife Biology from Colorado State University.

- **Rob Edward, Sinapu**
  Rob joined Sinapu's staff in 1994, after working as a conservation policy specialist and legislative liaison for the New England Aquarium in Boston, MA. He is a cofounder and steering committee member of the Southern Rockies Wolf Restoration Project, a coalition of conservation organizations dedicated to restoring wolves to the full ecological role in the Southern Rockies. He is also a member of the Colorado Division of Wildlife's Wolf Working Group, a diverse group of interests charged with developing policy for wolves in Colorado.

  A native of Idaho, Rob has spent over a decade working on conservation issues, including marine mammal protection, ancient forest preservation, and large carnivore restoration. He has also worked on environmental justice issues for Native Americans. Rob has a B.A. in Political Science from the University of Massachusetts at Boston, and is a four-year veteran of the U.S. Air Force.

- **Bonnie Kline, Colorado Wool Growers Association, Colorado Sheep & Wool Authority**
  Bonnie Kline is the Executive Director for the Colorado Wool Growers Association. She has been actively involved in both the sheep and cattle business all of her life. Kline is actively involved in federal lands grazing and wildlife management issues on behalf of
the Colorado sheep industry. In addition to working on lynx management issues, Kline is serving on the Colorado Division of Wildlife’s Wolf Working Group, and Ranching For Wildlife Task Force; the Colorado Public Lands Council; and the National Public Lands Council Wolf Task Force and the Wild Horse and Burro Task Force. She has also spent time in Mongolia working with livestock producers and government officials to set up pasture and water associations.

**Reading:**
*Canada Lynx, General Information*, Colorado Division of Wildlife.


*Map of All Lynx Locations Within the White River National Forest Boundary*, Colorado Division of Wildlife, April 2005.

*Lynx Protection Plan Revised*, The Denver Post, April 2, 2005

Lynx  
*Lynx Canadensis*  

**Habitat:** Northern coniferous forests are the preferred habitat of the lynx. Uneven-aged stands with relatively open canopies and well-developed understories are ideal (Quinn and Parker 1987).

**Diet:** The principal food of North American lynx is the snowshoe hare, which comprises 80 percent of the diet (Brand et al. 1976, More 1976, Nellis et al. 1972, Saunders 1963b). Other prey includes squirrels, beavers, muskrats, and even deer, caribou, and moose.

**Description:** The lynx is a medium-sized cat with long legs, large feet, and a short tail. The fur is long, dense, soft, and fine. The dorsal color is grizzled gray to reddish brown, often tinged with black. The legs, feet, and underparts are paler, buff to white. Although spotting may be present, it is usually more muted than in the bobcat. The ears have long, dark tufts and the face has a pronounced ruff of fur. The tail is short with a completely black tip. The hindlegs are slightly longer than the front legs. The paws are much larger than those of the bobcat and can support twice as much weight on snow. Measurements are: total length 670-1,067 mm; length of tail 95-125 mm; length of hindfoot 203-250 mm; weight 5-15 kg.

**Range in Colorado:** They now appear to be restricted to extremely isolated areas of the mountains of the central portion of the state.

**Status:** CDOW WRIS Species, Federally Threatened, State Endangered

(*) NDIS has data for fish at Lynx NDIS M: Overall Range

All Lynx Locations within the White River National Forest Boundary: February 4, 1999 - February 1, 2005

Legend

Locations within the White River National Forest are from 43 individual Lynx

All VHF Aerial Locations

- From 27 Lynx within WRNF

All Satellite Locations

- From 33 Lynx within WRNF

High: 4414.15727
Low: 3012.097473

Map created by Joanne Stewart
CDOW Mammal Research
Map Datum: NAD 27
Projection: Zone 13
Date: 2/17/2005